Fall 2017. The contents may change; please download updated syllabus ~every week. Lectures: Thursdays 12:00-14:00 AA206. Tutorials: Thur. 17:00-18:00 IC204, (no tutorial at first meeting) Calendar od lectures (L1...L24) and tutorials (T1...T10) with remarks: 7 Sept. L1 + L2, _ _ 14 Sept. L3 + L4, (last day to add/remove courses 18 т1 Sept) 21 Sept. L5 + L6, т2 28 Sept L7 + L8, Т3 L9 + L10, 5 Oct. т4 12 - no meetings, reading week 19 Oct. L11 + L12, T5 26 Oct. L13 + L14 T6 <--- in-class midterm during T6</pre> 2 Nov L15 + L16, т7 9 Nov. L17 + L18, т8 L19 + L20, (last day to drop courses w/o penaly 20 16 Nov. т9 Nov) 23 Nov. L21 + L22, --L23 + L24, T10 30 Nov. Final exam: date TBA (exam session 7-20 Dec) [2 double-sided hand written (not printed or photocopied) sheets, i.e. 4 pages of own notes are allowed at midterm, and 3 sheets (6p.) during the final exam. Calculators are required. Books, phones, other electronic devices not allowed.] Office hours: right after lectures, right after tutorial; other times as well, stop by and ask if you can talk to me. Note: The updates to this syllabus will always be here available from the course http://planets.utsc.utoronto.ca/~pawel/ASTB23 web page: With some exceptions the topic number below coincide with lecture number. See web page for textbooks. In the second part of the course the provided PDF lecture notes will important. The relevant chapters/sections of the textbook #3 are indicated as, for instance, Chapter 5.1, => [5.1], while [L10] would indicate Lecture10 in PDF/PPT form, posted on our web page 0. Organization and goals of the course 1. Introduction to stellar (and planetary) astrophysics [L1] * Unification of planetary sciences, connections w/physics * Comments on the history of the idea of other stars and planets 2. The Present Revolution in Astronomy: An Overview [1-Unnumbered] From p. xvii of textbook 1.

SYLLABUS for course ASTB23, Title: Stars, Galaxies & the Universe

PLEASE READ - it's a very good overview, we skipped it during the lecture as it is indeed long, but you should read the whole 150+ page textbook, and questions from the this Overview may be asked on the quiz, as they relate to the Universe, for instance.

Until the midtem, we will follow closely our textbook 1 ("What are the stars")

- 1. What are the Stars?
 - * Historical Introduction
 - * The Photosphere
 - * The Interior of the Sun
 - * The Virial Theorem
- 2. Stars as Globes of Gas
 - * A Theory of the Stars
 - * Hydrostatic Equilibrium

- * The Strange Companion of Sirius 25
- * Gravitational Redshift 27
- * A Stellar Paradox: Have the Stars Enough Energy to Cool?
- 10 5. Fermi-Dirac Distribution 55
 - * Pauli's Exclusion Principle 55
 - * The Fermi-Dirac Distribution 56
 - * Pressure laws of the Degenerate Electron Gas 58
 - * Fermi Momentum 60
- 11 6. Quantum Stars 67
 - * Fowler and Chandra 67
 - * Chandrasekhar's Theory of the White Dwarfs 71
 - * All Stars will Ultimately Find Peace 77
- 12 7. The Chandrasekhar Limit 79
 - * Relativistic Stars 79
 - * Chandrasekhar limit 84
 - * Can All Stars Find Peace? 90

The 2nd part: Sparke and Gallagher book "Galaxies in the Universe"

- 13. Formation of disks and stars
 - * Giant molecular clouds
 - * Jeans instability of protostellar cloud cores
 - * Opacity-limited fragmentation
 - * Simulations: the ubiquity of protostellar disks, brown dwarfs Accretion disks [9]
 - * AGN and quasars: accretion onto `black' holes
 - * Accretion disk geometry
 - * Disks as evolving, shearing flows
 - * Collapse simulations using SPH (smoothed particle hydrodynamics)
- 14. Introduction, The Milky Way [1]
 - [1.a] History of the discovery of the Galaxy
 - [1.b] The Great Debate about galaxies
 - [1.1] The stars
 - [1.2] Our Milky Way
- 15. [1.3] Other galaxies, Galaxy photometry Hubble sequence, other classifications [1.4] Galaxies Typical properties and statistics of of galaxies Gauss theorem and examples of its use. Laplace equation Gravity force and potential Spherical systems & Newton's theorems Potentials of some simple systems Potential- density pairs of flattened systems
- 16. [2] Mapping our Milky Way [2.1] The solar neighborhood 2.2 The stars in the Galaxy The vertical structure of the disk / Distances to star clusters / Bottliger diagram, asymmetric drift
- 17. [2.3] Galactic rotation Infrared & radio view of the Milky Way Glactic bulge and Center (Nucleus) Measuring the Galactic rotation curve

Einstein's cosmological constant Lambda returns (Dark Energy)